STAT/MA 41600

In-Class Problem Set #25: October 17, 2014 Solutions by Mark Daniel Ward

1a. We have
$$P(X \ge 3) = \int_0^2 \int_3^{y+3} 1/8 \, dx \, dy = 1/4$$
.

1b. We have
$$P(Y \ge 1) = \int_1^2 \int_0^{y+3} 1/8 \, dx \, dy = 9/16$$
.

1c. We have
$$P(\max(X,Y) \le 1) = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 1/8 \, dx \, dy = 1/8$$
.

2a. We have
$$P(X \le 1) = \int_0^1 \int_0^{3-x} \frac{2}{9} \, dy \, dx = \frac{5}{9}$$
.

2b. We have
$$P(Y \le 2X) = \int_0^1 \int_0^{2x} 2/9 \, dy \, dx + \int_1^3 \int_0^{3-x} 2/9 \, dy \, dx = 2/9 + 4/9 = 2/3.$$

3a. We have
$$P(Y \ge X) = \int_0^\infty \int_x^\infty 6e^{-3x-2y} \, dy \, dx = 3/5$$
.

3b. We have
$$P(X \ge 2) = \int_2^\infty \int_0^\infty 6e^{-3x-2y} \, dy \, dx = e^{-6}$$
.

3c. We have
$$P(Y \ge 5) = \int_0^\infty \int_5^\infty 6e^{-3x-2y} \, dy \, dx = e^{-10}$$
.

4a. We have
$$P(Y \ge \frac{1}{2}X + 1) = \int_{-2}^{2} \int_{\frac{1}{2}x+1}^{2} 1/16 \, dy \, dx = 1/4$$
.

4b. We have
$$P(|X-1| \le 1/2) = P(-1/2 \le X - 1 \le 1/2) = P(1/2 \le X \le 3/2) = \int_{1/2}^{3/2} \int_{-2}^{2} 1/16 \, dy \, dx = 1/4.$$

5a. The density of X is
$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{8}(4-x)$$
 for $0 < x < 4$, and $f_X(x) = 0$ otherwise.

5b. The density of Y is
$$f_Y(y) = \frac{2}{9}(3-y)$$
 for $0 < y < 3$, and $f_Y(y) = 0$ otherwise.

6a. We have
$$P(Y \ge X) = \int_0^2 \int_0^y 1/8 \, dx \, dy = 1/4$$
.

6b. We have
$$P(Y \ge X) = \int_0^3 \int_x^3 \frac{1}{36} (4-x)(3-y) \, dy \, dx = 13/32.$$