Problem Set 20/22 Answers

1a. We have $\mathbb{E}(X) = \mathbb{E}(X_1 + \cdots + X_{17}) = \mathbb{E}(X_1) + \cdots + \mathbb{E}(X_{17})$. Also $\mathbb{E}(X_j) = 1/4$, so it follows that $\mathbb{E}(X) = (17)(1/4) = 17/4 = 4.25$.

1b. We have $\mathbb{E}(X^2) = \mathbb{E}((X_1 + \cdots + X_{17})^2)$, which has 17 terms of the form $\mathbb{E}(X_j^2)$ and $17^2 - 17 = 272$ terms of the form $\mathbb{E}(X_iX_j)$. Also $\mathbb{E}(X_j^2) = \mathbb{E}(X_j) = 1/4$ and $\mathbb{E}(X_iX_j) = (2)(1/5)(1/4) = 1/10$. Thus $\mathbb{E}(X^2) = (17)(1/4) + (272)(1/10) = 31.45$. So altogether we have $\text{Var}(X) = \mathbb{E}(X^2) - (\mathbb{E}(X))^2 = 31.45 - (4.25)^2 = 13.3875$.

2a. The probability is $\frac{\binom{10}{1} \left( \frac{3}{5} \right) \left( \frac{2}{5} \right)}{\binom{20}{4}} = 20/323 = 0.06192$.

2b. The probability is $\left( \frac{\binom{10}{4}}{\binom{20}{4}} \right) = 43/969 = 0.04438$.

2c. The probability is $\left( \frac{\binom{10}{3} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{10}{2} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{10}{1} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{3}{1} \binom{10}{1} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{3}{1} \binom{3}{1} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{3}{1} \binom{3}{1} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{3}{1} \binom{3}{1} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{3}{1} \binom{3}{1} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{3}{1} \binom{3}{1} \binom{3}{1} / \binom{20}{4} \right) = 458/969 = 0.4727$.

2d. The probability is $\left( \frac{\binom{10}{3} \binom{3}{2} + \binom{10}{2} \binom{3}{2} + \binom{10}{1} \binom{3}{2} + \binom{3}{2} \binom{10}{1} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{3}{2} \binom{3}{2} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{3}{2} \binom{3}{2} \binom{3}{1} + \binom{3}{2} \binom{3}{2} \binom{3}{1} / \binom{20}{4} \right) = 8/19 = 0.4211$.

3a. We can write $X = X_1 + \cdots + X_{10}$ where $X_j = 1$ if the $j$th pair has 1 red and 1 green, or $X_j = 0$ otherwise. Then $\mathbb{E}(X) = \mathbb{E}(X_1 + \cdots + X_{10}) = \mathbb{E}(X_1) + \cdots + \mathbb{E}(X_{10})$. Also $\mathbb{E}(X_j) = 10/19$, so it follows that $\mathbb{E}(X) = (10)(10/19) = 100/19 = 5.2632$.

3b. We have $\mathbb{E}(X^2) = \mathbb{E}((X_1 + \cdots + X_{10})^2)$, which has 10 terms of the form $\mathbb{E}(X_j^2)$ and $10^2 - 10 = 90$ terms of the form $\mathbb{E}(X_iX_j)$. Also $\mathbb{E}(X_j^2) = \mathbb{E}(X_j) = 10/19$ and $\mathbb{E}(X_iX_j) = (10/19)(9/17) = 90/323$. Thus $\mathbb{E}(X^2) = (10)(10/19) + (90)(90/323) = 9800/323 = 30.3406$. So altogether we have $\text{Var}(X) = \mathbb{E}(X^2) - (\mathbb{E}(X))^2 = 30.346 - (5.2632)^2 = 2.64$.

4a. We have $\mathbb{E}(X) = \mathbb{E}(2Y) = 2\mathbb{E}(Y) = 2(50 + 1)/2 = 51$.

4b. We have $\text{Var}(X) = \text{Var}(2Y) = 4 \text{Var}(Y) = 4(50^2 - 1)/12 = 833$. 