

**Problem Set 20/22 Answers**

**1a.** The probability that their 2 numbers are adjacent is  $299/\binom{300}{2} = 299/(300 \times 299/2) = 2/300 = 1/150$ .

**1b.** The probability that their 3 numbers are adjacent is  $48/\binom{50}{3} = 48/(50 \times 49 \times 48/6) = 48/19600 = 3/1225$ .

**2a.** Let  $X_j$  indicate if the  $j$ th fruit flavored jelly bean is chosen before all of the licorice flavored jelly beans, i.e.,  $X_j = 1$  if the  $j$ th fruit flavored jelly bean is chosen before all of the licorice flavored jelly beans, and  $X_j = 0$  otherwise. Then she eats  $X_1 + \dots + X_{30}$  jelly beans.

We have  $\mathbb{E}(X_j) = P(X_j = 1) = 1/21$ , since a fruit flavored jelly bean gets eaten if and only if it is chosen before all 20 of the licorice flavored jelly beans. Thus  $\mathbb{E}(X_1 + \dots + X_{30}) = \mathbb{E}(X_1) + \dots + \mathbb{E}(X_{30}) = 1/21 + \dots + 1/21 = (30)(1/21) = 30/21 = 10/7$ .

**2b.** We have  $\mathbb{E}(X_i X_j) = P(X_i X_j = 1) = P(X_i = 1)P(X_j = 1 \mid X_i = 1) = (2/22)(1/21)$ , since a pair of fruit flavored jelly bean gets eaten if and only if both of the pair are chosen before all 20 of the licorice flavored jelly beans. Also  $\mathbb{E}(X_i X_i) = \mathbb{E}(X_i) = 1/21$ . Thus  $\mathbb{E}((X_1 + \dots + X_{30})^2) = \mathbb{E}(X_1 X_1 + X_1 X_2 + \dots + X_{30} X_{30}) = 30\mathbb{E}(X_1 X_1) + 870\mathbb{E}(X_1 X_2) = (30)(1/21) + 870(2/22)(1/21) = 400/77$ . So  $\text{Var}(X_1 + \dots + X_{30}) = \mathbb{E}((X_1 + \dots + X_{30})^2) - (\mathbb{E}(X_1 + \dots + X_{30}))^2 = 400/77 - (10/7)^2 = 1700/539$ .

**3a.** Let  $X_j$  indicate if the  $j$ th album gets back into its correct cover, i.e.,  $X_j = 1$  if the  $j$ th album gets put back into its correct cover, or  $X_j = 0$  otherwise. Thus  $\mathbb{E}(X_j) = P(X_j = 1) = 1/10$ . So  $\mathbb{E}(X_1 + \dots + X_{10}) = \mathbb{E}(X_1) + \dots + \mathbb{E}(X_{10}) = 1/10 + \dots + 1/10 = (10)(1/10) = 1$ .

**3b.** We see  $\mathbb{E}(X_i X_j) = P(X_i X_j = 1) = P(X_i = 1 \& X_j = 1) = P(X_i = 1)P(X_j = 1 \mid X_i = 1) = (1/10)(1/9) = 1/90$ . Also  $\mathbb{E}(X_i X_i) = \mathbb{E}(X_i) = 1/10$ .  $\mathbb{E}((X_1 + \dots + X_{10})^2) = \mathbb{E}(X_1 X_1 + X_1 X_2 + \dots + X_{10} X_{10}) = 10\mathbb{E}(X_1 X_1) + 90\mathbb{E}(X_1 X_2) = 10(1/10) + 90(1/90) = 1 + 1 = 2$ . So  $\text{Var}(X_1 + \dots + X_{10}) = \mathbb{E}((X_1 + \dots + X_{10})^2) - (\mathbb{E}(X_1 + \dots + X_{10}))^2 = 2 - 1^2 = 1$ .

**4.** The random variable  $X$  denotes the number of successes in 10 independent trials, each of which has probability  $4/24 = 1/6$ . So  $X$  is a Binomial random variable with parameters  $n = 10$  and  $p = 1/6$ .