

1. Let  $X$  denote the time (in minutes) until the full moon is visible from behind the clouds, and  $Y$  denote the time (in minutes) until the next wolf howls. Suppose  $X$  and  $Y$  have joint probability density function  $f_{X,Y}(x,y) = 15e^{-2x-3y}$  for  $y > x$ , and  $f_{X,Y}(x,y) = 0$  otherwise. (Note that  $X$  and  $Y$  are dependent. The wolf will not howl until after the moon appears, and hence  $Y > X$ .)

1a. What is the probability density function  $f_X(x)$  of  $X$ ?

1b. What is the probability density function  $f_Y(y)$  of  $Y$ ?

2. Suppose that you will hear exactly 1 scary howl within the next 1 minute, and the time  $U$  when you hear this howl is uniformly distributed in the interval  $(0,1)$ . Let  $X = -3 \ln U$ . What kind of random variable is  $X$ ? What is the expected value of  $X$ ?

3. While trick-or-treating, let  $V$  and  $W$  be the (respective) times until you see the next vampire and werewolf. Assume that  $V$  and  $W$  are independent exponential random variables, each with parameter  $1/2$ , i.e., each with expected value 2. Find  $\mathbb{E}(\max(V, W))$ .

4a. Consider two pumpkins whose lights have independent lifetimes, each of which is exponentially distributed, with parameter  $\lambda$ , i.e., expected value  $1/\lambda$ . What is the expected value of the first time that one of the pumpkin lights go out?

4b. Repeat question 4a with three pumpkins.

4c. Repeat question 4a with  $n$  pumpkins.

Hint: This question is easier than question #3. No integrals are needed for question #4.